

ABORIGINAL HERITAGE ACT 2006

AREA BOUNDARIES IN RELATION TO REGISTERED ABORIGINAL PARTIES

**GUNDITJ MIRRORING TRADITIONAL OWNERS
ABORIGINAL CORPORATION**

(Registered 28/05/2007. Modified 19/07/2007. Modified 23/04/2009)

The boundary begins at the point where the boundary between the Shire of Moyne and the Shire of Glenelg intersects with the coastline, at longitude 141.870414 latitude -38.264445, and continues progressively clockwise:

- south in a straight line to a point 3 nautical miles seaward of the mean low water mark, at longitude 141.867678 latitude -38.315796
- generally westerly and north-westerly along the coast at a distance of 3 nautical miles seaward of the mean low water mark to a point on the seaward extension of the Victoria-South Australia border, at longitude 140.963008, latitude -38.107581
- north for 3 nautical miles to the point where the Victoria-South Australia border intersects with the coast at Discovery Bay, at longitude 140.965775, latitude -38.056117
- north along that border for about 95 kilometres to a point due west from the junction of Border Road and Fullertons Road, at longitude 140.971766 latitude -37.199692
- east in a straight line for about 45 metres to the junction of Border Road and Fullertons Road
- east-south-easterly along Fullertons Road to its crossroads junction with the Casterton-Naracoorte Road and Fergusons Road at Poolajeilo
- generally easterly, northerly and again easterly along Fergusons Road to its junction with the Powers Creek-Edenhope Road
- south-easterly for about 500 metres along the Powers Creek-Edenhope Road, crossing Powers Creek, to its junction with the Dergholm-Edenhope Road and the Powers Creek-Bourkes Bridge Road at Powers Creek
- easterly along the Powers Creek-Bourkes Bridge Road to its junction with the Casterton-Edenhope Road
- south-easterly along that road for about 600 metres to the point where it crosses the Glenelg River, about 8 kilometres north-west of Chetwynd township
- generally easterly, southerly, south-westerly and again easterly upstream along the Glenelg River to the point where it is intersected by the Rocklands Dam wall, at longitude 141.960069 latitude -37.235142
- generally easterly along the southern shoreline of the Rocklands Reservoir to Scott Creek, at longitude 142.166176 latitude -37.279425

- generally south-easterly along Scott Creek to the point where it is crossed by the Henty Highway, at longitude 142.11785 latitude -37.292436
- south-westerly then southerly along that highway for about 7.5 kilometres to its junction with Woolhpooer Road
- easterly along that road for about 1.5 km to its junction with the Glenelg River Road
- south-easterly along that road for about 2.5 kilometres to the western boundary of the Grampians National Park, at longitude 142.186393 latitude -37.352936
- generally southerly, north-easterly, easterly, south-westerly and again easterly along the boundary of the Grampians National Park to the junction of Victoria Valley Road and the Grampians Road about 2 kilometres north-north-west of Dunkeld township, at longitude 142.333182 latitude -37.628918
- south-south-easterly along the Grampians Road for about 2.6 kilometres to its junction with the Glenelg Highway in Dunkeld
- generally south-westerly along the Glenelg Highway, following the northern boundary of the highway reserve, to the point where it intersects with the centreline of the Tarrington-Strathkellar Road, about 7 kilometres east of Hamilton township
- south-south-westerly along that road to its junction with the Hamilton Highway
- east-south-easterly along that highway for about 1.8 kilometres to its junction with Yatchaw Road
- south-south-westerly along that road to its junction with Research Station Road at the northern edge of Buckley Swamp
- generally south-westerly then westerly along that road to its junction with Mt Napier Road
- south-south-easterly along that road for about 3 kilometres to its junction with the Murroa-Buckley Swamp Road
- south-south-westerly in a straight line to the summit of Mt Napier in the Mt Napier State Park
- continuing south-south-westerly in a straight line to the junction of the Byaduk-Penshurst Road and the Warrabkook-Macarthur Road at Warrabkook
- southerly along the Warrabkook-Macarthur Road to its junction with the Macarthur-Penshurst Road
- generally south-westerly along that road to its junction with the Hamilton-Port Fairy Road in Macarthur township
- south-easterly along that road for about 450 metres to the point where it crosses the Eumeralla River
- generally southerly, westerly and again southerly along that river to the point where it

is crossed by the Portland-Woolsthorpe Road

- generally south-westerly then southerly along that road to its junction with the Princes Highway
- generally north-westerly along that highway for about 3.3 kilometres to the point where it intersects with the boundary between the Shire of Moyne and the Shire of Glenelg
- south along that shire boundary to the coastline, to the point where the boundary began.

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EXPLANATORY NOTES FOR BOUNDARY DESCRIPTIONS

Reference Datum

Geographical coordinates are referenced to the Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 (GDA94), in decimal degrees.

Reference Data and Source:

- Roads & Rivers Centrelines are based on topographic vector data (1:25,000) sourced from the Land Information Group, Land Victoria, Department of Sustainability and Environment, (VicMap Data), VIC (April 2006).
- Road reserve boundaries are determined from property data sourced from the Land Information Group, Land Victoria, Department of Sustainability and Environment, (VicMap Data), VIC (April 2006).
- VicMap metadata can be found at <http://www.land.vic.gov.au/land/lcnlc2.nsf/FID/-9A2C348B40DC89BC4A256CB700181D8B?OpenDocument>.
- Mean Low Water Mark is based on coastline data sourced from Geoscience Australia (1998).

Interpretation

- Where a boundary follows a linear feature such as a road or stream, the boundary is the centreline of that feature unless otherwise specified.

- Wherever possible, road names used in a boundary description are as shown in the VicRoads Country Street Directory of Victoria. Alternate road names or route numbers are included where necessary to improve the clarity of the description.
- Coordinates, expressed in degrees of latitude and longitude, are included for points where the location of a boundary might otherwise be uncertain (for example, the point at which a road crosses a meandering stream). In some cases, a boundary may also be described as a series of straight lines joining coordinate points.